

2026 ENTERPRISE INFRASTRUCTURE FIELD GUIDE

# The 2026 Enterprise Guide to Cisco & Cisco Meraki Infrastructure Modernization

HEALTHCARE · LOGISTICS · MANUFACTURING · FINANCIAL SERVICES · EDUCATION · GOVERNMENT

A practitioner's reference for IT directors, infrastructure architects, and operations leaders managing Cisco end-of-life transitions, Meraki wireless modernization, SD-WAN migration, and compliance-driven network refresh across enterprise and multi-site environments in 2026.



PAGE 1

**BTI Communications Group · Cisco Gold Partner · Cisco  
Meraki Partner**

800-HELP-BTI · [btigroup.com](http://btigroup.com) · Southern California · Phoenix ·  
Chicagoland



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

---

*A practitioner's reference for infrastructure leaders navigating Cisco modernization, Meraki wireless, SD-WAN, and compliance-driven network refresh in 2026.*

---

### SECTION I – STRATEGIC CONTEXT

Executive Summary .....	3
Why Infrastructure Decisions Can't Wait Until 2027 .....	5
Why Organizations Choose BTI .....	7
40 Years. Six Industries. One Methodology. ....	8

### SECTION II – INDUSTRY VERTICALS

Healthcare Infrastructure .....	9
Financial Services Infrastructure .....	11
Education Infrastructure .....	13
Logistics & Warehousing Infrastructure .....	16
Manufacturing Infrastructure .....	18
Municipalities & Government Infrastructure .....	20

### SECTION III – TECHNICAL FRAMEWORKS

Network Architecture Is Now a Cybersecurity Decision .....	15
AI Workloads Fail at the Network Layer .....	22
End-to-End. Every Phase. No Handoffs. ....	23
Enterprise Wireless Engineering: Why RF Design Matters ....	24

### SECTION IV – BTI OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY

Regional Presence. On-Site Expertise. ....	25
Infrastructure Modernization in Action .....	26
The Converged Infrastructure Advantage .....	27
The Infrastructure Decision Is Already Overdue .....	29



BTI Communications Group · Cisco Partner · Cisco Meraki  
Partner  
800-HELP-BTI · btigroup.com · Southern California · Phoenix ·  
Chicagoland



# Executive Summary

In 2026, aging switching, legacy wireless, and fragmented security are active operational liabilities — not deferred maintenance. Cisco lifecycle transitions, cyber insurance requirements, and compliance-driven refresh cycles are forcing decisions that should have been made in 2024.

---

## The Signs That Modernization Is Overdue

- **Cisco EoL hardware** — no patches, no TAC, active CVE exposure
- **Cyber insurance gap** — underwriters requiring documented segmentation
- **Wireless failures** — persistent complaints signal RF design, not hardware
- **AI initiative stalled** — edge compute requires purpose-built infrastructure
- **No vendor accountability** — reseller, integrator, MSP = no single owner
- **Outdated documentation** — diagrams older than 18 months are a liability

## The Biggest Network Infrastructure Risks

- **Flat network** — one breach propagates across the entire environment
- **Undocumented topology** — cannot assess, insure, or migrate without it
- **No SD-WAN or WAN failover** — single circuit = single point of failure
- **Wireless dead zones** — operational failures in clinical and warehouse environments
- **Legacy firmware** — failures occur after deferred cycles, not planned refreshes

---

**The infrastructure decision is already overdue. Every quarter of delay increases exposure, cost, and operational risk.**

# Watch: How to do a Cisco Upgrade and Why Organizations Choose BTI to Help

This overview covers BTI's end-to-end approach to infrastructure modernization — from assessment through deployment and ongoing managed support.

  [Watch on YouTube: Why Organizations Choose BTI for Cisco & Meraki Infrastructure](#)

BTI's infrastructure specialists walk through real-world deployment scenarios across healthcare, logistics, manufacturing, financial services, education, and government.

## What You'll Learn

- BTI's full lifecycle delivery model in action
- How Cisco + Meraki architectures are designed for compliance
- Regional project capability across CA, AZ, and IL
- Real-world operational continuity outcomes

## Who Should Watch

- IT Directors and CIOs evaluating Cisco refresh
- CISOs assessing cybersecurity infrastructure posture
- IT managers, operations directors, and procurement leaders comparing Cisco partner capabilities
- Warehouse managers, healthcare administrators, plant managers, school administrators, and municipal IT teams planning multi-site modernization

# Why Infrastructure Decisions Can't Wait Until 2027

In 2026, aging Cisco infrastructure is a compliance liability, a cyber insurance risk, and a barrier to AI readiness.

## 5 Signs Your Infrastructure Is Overdue

- Cisco switches past end-of-support (3850, 2960, ASA)
- Wireless complaints from staff or warehouse operators
- Cyber insurance requiring segmentation proof
- AI initiative blocked by network limitations
- No documented architecture or segmentation plan

## What's Driving the 2026 Refresh

- Cisco end-of-life milestones forcing hardware decisions
- Zero Trust and segmentation mandates from insurers
- Wi-Fi 6/6E upgrades for high-density environments
- SD-WAN migration for multi-site cloud operations

## Why Cisco Infrastructure Projects Fail

### Emergency-Driven Execution

Projects deployed under crisis conditions skip assessment, design, and validation phases.

### Misestimated Requirements

Undersizing for current load or ignoring future density creates infrastructure obsolete at cutover.

### Overengineered Out of Caution

Enterprise-grade complexity in environments requiring precision produces cost overruns and configuration debt.

### Incompetent Configuration & Vulnerability Management

Misconfigured VLANs, default credentials, and unpatched firmware are the most common post-deployment failure sources.

Measure twice, cut once — and contract with a provider who is responsible for both measuring and cutting.

Request an Infrastructure Risk Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# How to Evaluate a Cisco Infrastructure Partner

The difference between a successful infrastructure modernization and a failed one comes down to four operational capabilities – not certifications.

## 4 Capabilities That Separate Accountable Partners from Resellers



### Lifecycle Ownership

One partner owns design, deployment, documentation, and support. No handoffs.



### Compliance Fluency

Demonstrated HIPAA, NIST, PCI-DSS, and CJIS experience – not claimed familiarity.



### Regional Presence

Local project managers and on-site teams – not a remote national call center.



### PMO Discipline

Formal governance, milestone tracking, and staged cutover planning.

### Strong Partner Delivers

- Single accountable partner
- Audit-ready documentation
- Compliance-integrated architecture
- Staged migrations with rollback planning
- Ongoing managed services

### Red Flags

- Hardware-only resellers
- No formal project management
- Remote-only support
- Documentation as afterthought
- No compliance framework experience

The right Cisco partner owns the outcome – not just the hardware.

Evaluate BTI as your Cisco infrastructure partner → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# Why Organizations Choose BTI

"Infrastructure modernization is not a product purchase — it is a program of work that requires a partner who owns the outcome and shares the risk of failure and scope creep." - Eric Brackett, Founder and President



## Converged Delivery

IT, cybersecurity, physical security, and VoIP under one accountable partner



## Itemized Pricing and Guaranteed Deliverables

Detailed line item pricing at reduced cost plus fixed cost scopes save money.



## Lifecycle Accountability

One team designs, installs, documents, and supports — no handoffs, no gaps



## Regional Engineering

On-site engineers and PMs across Southern California, Phoenix, and Chicagoland



## Continuity Ownership

Failover architecture, cutover windows, and post-deployment validation

## How Clients Benefit From BTI

- IT, physical security, and VoIP expertise
- Compliance-integrated solutions
- Ekahau validated wi-fi heat mapping and on-site surveys
- Available discounted managed service

## The Alternative

- Most integrators bill 1.5 times their estimates
- Many MSP's specify SMB gear at outsized markups.
- Client owns the risk of failure.
- Project fails to deliver Return on Investment

Start Your Infrastructure Modernization → [btigroup.com](http://btigroup.com)

# 40 Years. Six Industries. One Methodology.

Cross-industry experience is an operational advantage — a segmentation architecture that protects clinical IoT in a hospital also protects OT systems on a factory floor.



## Pattern Recognition Across Verticals

Solutions informed by real-world outcomes across healthcare, logistics, manufacturing, financial services, education, and government.



## Compliance Fluency Built Over Decades

HIPAA, NIST, CIS, PCI-DSS, CJIS, E-Rate — navigated across hundreds of deployments.



## Operational Continuity as a Core Discipline

Staged migration, PMO-governed cutover, and post-deployment validation protect operations at every phase.



## Trusted Advisor Relationship

Many BTI clients started with a single upgrade — and grew into full lifecycle managed services.

**40+**

**Years of Infrastructure Experience**

**6**

**Core Industry Verticals Served**

**3**

**Regional Markets: Southern CA · Phoenix · Chicagoland**

**"BTI's industry breadth means every new engagement is informed by hundreds of prior deployments — not a first attempt."**

*Explore BTI's Infrastructure Capabilities → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)*

# Clinical Networks That Cannot Fail

Healthcare networks carry EHR, PACS imaging, clinical IoT, and AI diagnostics simultaneously – degraded performance is a patient care disruption.

## Why Networks Fail

- PACS congestion during peak imaging hours
- EHR latency from poor QoS and VLAN design
- Nurse roaming failures from sticky client behavior
- RF interference from MRI and imaging equipment
- Flat networks with no medical IoT segmentation
- Undocumented topology failing HIPAA audits

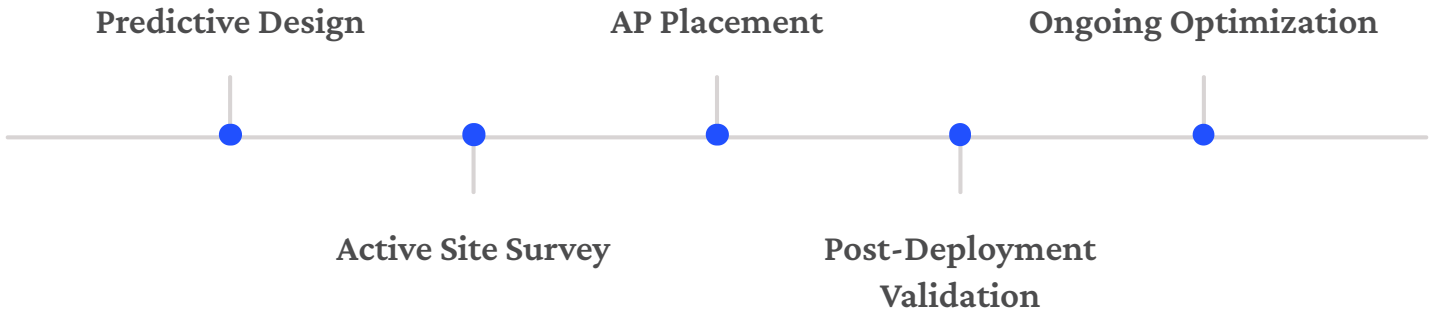
## What BTI Delivers

- Ekahau RF modeling and Wi-Fi 6/6E deployment
- Dedicated VLANs for medical IoT and nurse call
- HIPAA-aligned segmentation and access controls
- QoS engineered for peak EHR and PACS traffic
- 802.11r/k/v roaming for nurse mobility
- Audit-ready as-built documentation at project close

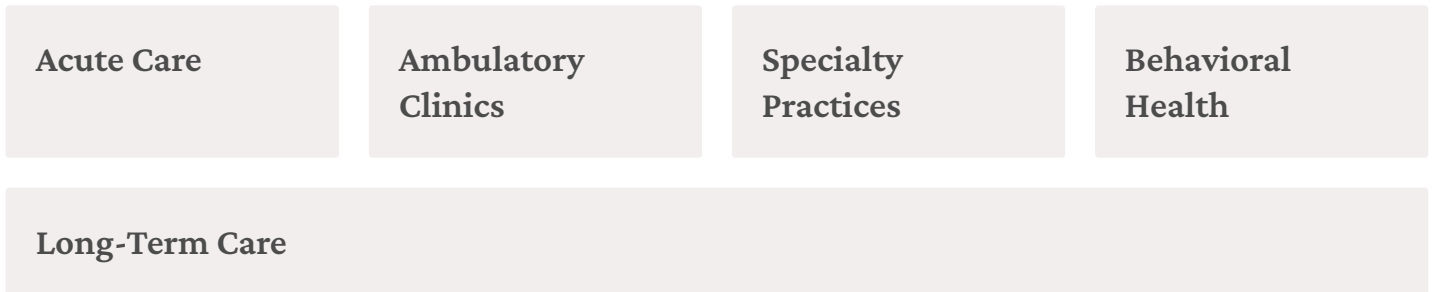
**Clinical wireless failures are patient care disruptions – not ordinary IT tickets.**



# BTI's Healthcare Wireless Engineering Methodology



## Environments BTI Serves



## Architecture Standards

- VLAN segmentation for clinical, IoT, and guest traffic
- Encrypted wireless (WPA3)
- Role-based access controls
- Centralized Meraki management

## Compliance Deliverables

- As-built diagrams and AP placement records
- HIPAA Security Rule documentation
- Cyber insurance segmentation evidence
- Post-deployment validation report

HIPAA compliance is not a configuration – it is an architecture. BTI builds it in from day one.

Request a Healthcare Infrastructure Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# Branch Networks Built for Regulated Operations

PCI-DSS, SOX, and state financial regulations require encrypted, monitored, policy-enforced branch connectivity – and the ability to prove compliance on demand.

## Legacy Branch Costs

- MPLS costs SD-WAN can reduce by 30–40%
- Configuration drift across 10+ branch locations
- Audit failures from inconsistent security policies
- Cyber insurance increases from undocumented segmentation
- No WAN failover or branch continuity path
- No centralized policy enforcement

## What BTI Delivers

- SD-WAN with centralized policy enforcement and WAN failover
- Zero Trust branch access with identity-based controls
- Encrypted branch communications across all locations
- PCI-DSS segmentation with compliance evidence generation
- SOX-aligned change management and audit-ready documentation
- Meraki dashboard for real-time branch visibility

**30–40%**

### WAN cost reduction

via SD-WAN vs. MPLS



### PCI-DSS

Compliant segmentation and access controls



### Zero Trust

Identity-based access and encrypted connectivity

In financial services, a branch network failure is a regulatory event, a customer trust failure, and an audit finding – often simultaneously.



# How BTI Modernizes Financial Branch Infrastructure

---

Secure Branch

---

Compliance Design

---

Redundant WAN

---

Centralized Management

## What BTI Deploys

- Cisco SD-WAN replacing legacy MPLS
- Meraki branch switching with centralized management
- Zero Trust Access via Cisco Duo MFA
- Encrypted branch-to-branch connectivity
- Consistent security policy across all locations

## Compliance Deliverables

- PCI-DSS segmentation diagrams and evidence
- SOX change management records
- Cyber insurance segmentation documentation
- Audit-ready network diagrams
- Post-deployment validation reports

**30–40%**

WAN cost reduction

via SD-WAN vs. legacy MPLS

**PCI-DSS**

PCI-DSS

Compliant segmentation and access controls

**Zero-Trust**

Zero-Trust

Identity-based access and encrypted connectivity

Operational continuity is engineered – not assumed.

Schedule a Confidential Financial Infrastructure Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# Campus Wireless for Every Device, Every Classroom

K-12 and higher education networks must support hundreds of simultaneous devices per building – students, faculty, IoT, safety systems, and administrative traffic – all on the same infrastructure.

## Why Campus Wireless Deployments Fail

- AP density designed for average occupancy, not peak classroom or lecture hall load
- No roaming optimization between buildings – sticky client behavior across campus
- Student, faculty, and IoT devices on the same unsegmented network
- Standardized testing bandwidth demand overwhelming under-provisioned infrastructure
- Poor channel planning in multi-story and high-density buildings
- Outdoor coverage gaps breaking roaming between buildings
- E-Rate procurement delays from unfamiliar partners

## What BTI Delivers for Education

- Ekahau RF modeling for peak classroom, lecture hall, and dormitory density
- Seamless roaming across buildings, outdoor areas, and multi-story environments
- Separate VLANs for student, faculty, IoT, guest, and safety communications
- Bandwidth planning for standardized testing and concurrent device saturation
- Campus safety integration – IP surveillance, VoIP, and emergency communications
- E-Rate eligible Cisco Meraki procurement with application guidance
- Centralized Meraki dashboard management across all campuses

**A single poorly designed wireless environment can disrupt an entire school day – and a poorly planned deployment can fail an entire district.**



# What BTI Delivers for K-12 and Higher Education

## K-12 Districts

- High-density classroom wireless for 1:1 device programs
- Bandwidth provisioning for standardized testing windows
- IP surveillance and emergency communications integration
- Separate student, staff, IoT, and guest network segments
- E-Rate eligible Cisco Meraki procurement and guidance
- Centralized management across all district campuses

## Higher Education

- Lecture hall and auditorium high-density wireless design
- Seamless outdoor roaming across buildings and quads
- Guest and conference wireless management
- Dormitory wireless density for student device saturation
- Research network segmentation and isolation
- Wi-Fi 6/6E for high-device-density environments



### High-Density Wireless

Ekahau RF modeling and Wi-Fi 6/6E for peak occupancy and seamless roaming



### Network Segmentation

Separate VLANs for student, faculty, IoT, and safety traffic



### E-Rate Support

Procurement guidance to maximize federal funding for eligible Cisco Meraki infrastructure



### Campus Safety

IP surveillance, VoIP, and emergency communications on the network

**E-Rate funding can offset a significant portion of campus wireless costs – BTI navigates the program from application through procurement.**

Explore Campus Wireless Solutions → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

---

Identity Verification

Device Trust

Network  
Segmentation

Application Access

---

Continuous Monitoring

Compliance Evidence

# Network Architecture Is Now a Cybersecurity Decision

In 2026, network segmentation is an insurance requirement – not a best practice. Policies won't renew without documented evidence.

## Architecture Checklist

- Segmentation documented for insurance validation
- Lateral movement contained
- MFA on remote access and privileged accounts
- Undocumented VLANs remediated
- SIEM active across all segments
- No EoL hardware in production

## What BTI Can Deploy

- Zero Trust via Cisco Duo or other MFA
- VLAN segmentation with lateral movement containment
- Privileged access governance
- Segmentation evidence for insurance validation
- SIEM and log management integration
- Audit-ready compliance documentation

## Cyber Insurance Risks

- Flat network – unrestricted lateral movement
- No MFA on remote or admin access
- Undocumented VLAN exposure
- Guest and corporate on shared segments
- EoL hardware with active CVEs

**Segmentation is now an insurance requirement. Architecture is the control layer that turns policy into proof.**

Request a Cybersecurity Infrastructure Review → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# Zero Dead Zones. 24/7 Fulfillment.

A dropped connection for a forklift scanner or AGV is immediate throughput failure — high ceilings, metal racking, cold storage, and dock environments defeat standard wireless designs.

## Why Warehouse Wireless Fails

- AP placement from floor plans, not physical surveys with racking in place
- Forklift roaming transitions dropping sessions at aisle intersections
- Handheld scanner disconnects from sticky client behavior
- Dock door roaming failures between interior and exterior zones
- Cold storage RF reflection and compressor motor interference
- AGV coverage gaps breaking automated route continuity
- Telemetry traffic competing with scanner and automation workloads

## What BTI Delivers

- Physical RF survey with racking and equipment in place
- 802.11r fast transition for forklift and AGV roaming
- Dock door and cold storage zone RF engineering
- AP power calibrated for aisle-level scanner reliability
- Separate VLANs for telemetry, automation, and scanner traffic
- Wi-Fi 6/6E for high-density concurrent device load
- Post-deployment validation before go-live sign-off

**Warehouse wireless failures are throughput failures. BTI designs for 24/7 uptime — not average availability.**



# BTI's Warehouse Wireless Engineering Process

---

RF Survey

Predictive Modeling

Roaming Analysis

---

Post-Deployment Validation

Lifecycle Support

**Warehouse Wi-Fi / Ekahau** predictive modeling and on-site surveys with racking in place – optimized for high-bay, cold storage, and dock environments.

**OT/IoT Segmentation /** WMS, conveyor controls, and IoT sensors isolated from corporate IT with full operational visibility.

**SD-WAN Resilience /** Multi-site WAN with automatic failover for distribution centers that cannot afford connectivity gaps.

## Environments BTI Engineers

- High-bay distribution centers
- Cold storage and refrigerated facilities
- Dock and yard management areas
- Multi-building campus logistics
- Cross-dock and sortation facilities

## What BTI Validates Before Go-Live

- Scanner uptime across all aisle transitions
- Forklift terminal roaming performance
- Cold storage zone RF coverage
- Dock door connectivity under load
- Channel utilization and interference levels

"BTI conducts every warehouse RF survey with racking and inventory in place – not from a floor plan."

*Request a Warehouse Wireless Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)*

# IT/OT Convergence Without Compromising Production

OT systems never designed for network exposure now share infrastructure with corporate IT – on a flat network, a single ransomware event becomes a production outage.

## What Goes Wrong

- No PLC segmentation – industrial controls on the same segment as corporate IT
- SCADA and industrial IoT exposed to lateral movement
- Enterprise APs deployed without industrial RF survey
- AGV roaming gaps breaking automated production routes
- Plant floor RF interference from motors, welders, and metal structures
- No OT segmentation documentation for cyber insurance or NIST compliance

## What BTI Delivers

- PLC and SCADA segmentation – industrial controls isolated from corporate IT
- Industrial IoT isolation with dedicated VLANs for sensors and automation
- OT ransomware containment – breach cannot propagate to production systems
- AGV roaming validation with 802.11r fast transition on production routes
- Plant floor RF survey for metal structures, motors, and interference sources
- NIST CSF segmentation documentation and audit-ready as-built records



# What BTI Delivers for Manufacturing Environments



## IT/OT Architecture

Converged segmentation isolating industrial controls from corporate IT.



## Industrial Cybersecurity

NIST CSF and CIS framework-aligned security with OT-specific threat containment.



## Plant Floor Wireless

Ekahau RF modeling for metal structures, moving equipment, and motor interference.



## AI Analytics Readiness

Low-latency switching and wireless for real-time production monitoring and edge compute.

## What BTI Segments

- Production and OT control systems
- Corporate IT and administrative traffic
- Industrial IoT and sensor networks
- Guest and contractor access
- Safety and emergency systems

## Compliance Frameworks

- NIST Cybersecurity Framework
- CIS Controls
- IEC 62443 (Industrial Cybersecurity)
- Cyber insurance underwriter requirements

**A properly segmented manufacturing network protects production, satisfies cyber insurance, and enables AI analytics – from the same infrastructure investment.**

Request a Manufacturing Infrastructure Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

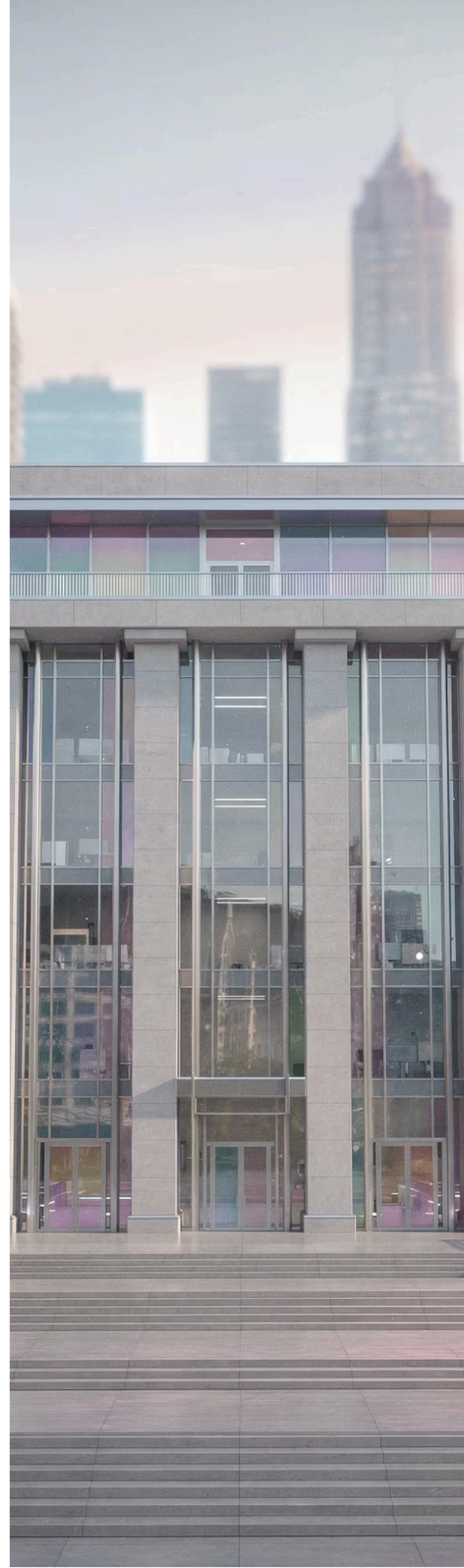
# Public Sector Infrastructure Built for Accountability

Government agencies operate under strict security mandates, constrained IT staffing, and complex procurement requirements – while bearing direct responsibility for public safety communications and continuity of essential services.

## Infrastructure Risks Unique to Public Sector

- **CJIS compliance gaps from undocumented or unaudited network segmentation**
- **Legacy switching in public safety facilities with no documented EOL remediation plan**
- **Shared network segments between public-facing services and internal government systems**
- **No redundant WAN or failover architecture for facilities supporting emergency response**
- **Grant funding opportunities missed due to unfamiliar or non-cooperative procurement partners**

Infrastructure instability in government environments becomes a public safety issue – not merely an IT issue. Every unplanned outage in a dispatch center, public safety facility, or emergency communications network is a governance failure with real-world consequences.



# What BTI Delivers for Public Sector Organizations



## CJIS-Aware Network Design

Documented segmentation, access controls, and audit trails aligned to Criminal Justice Information Services compliance requirements.



## Public Safety Continuity Architecture

Redundant WAN, automatic failover, and recovery procedures engineered for dispatch centers, EOC facilities, and emergency communications.



## Grant-Aligned Modernization Planning

BTI aligns infrastructure investments with BEAD, E-Rate, COPS, and other grant programs – with documentation packages procurement offices can act on.



## Procurement-Ready Project Delivery

Structured SOWs, milestone-based delivery, and full documentation packages that satisfy public sector audit and accountability requirements.

**Physical Security Integration** / IP surveillance, access control, and emergency communications on a unified, segmented infrastructure – one accountable partner, one documented architecture.

**Multi-Site Governance** / Centralized Meraki dashboard management across city halls, public safety facilities, libraries, and utility sites – with role-based access and change logging.

## Agencies BTI Serves

- Municipal IT and city government
- Law enforcement and public safety agencies
- Emergency communications and dispatch centers
- School districts, libraries, and community services
- Water, utility, and special districts

## Cooperative Procurement Vehicles

- TIPS / TASB Cooperative Purchasing (no separate RFP required)
- GSA Schedule-aligned procurement capability
- Grant-funded infrastructure program support
- ISNetworld certified contractor
- Compliant with public sector bid and audit requirements

BTI delivers infrastructure that is accountable, documented, and resilient – with procurement vehicles that eliminate barriers and project delivery that satisfies public sector audit requirements.

Request a Government Infrastructure Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# AI Workloads Fail at the Network Layer

Most AI infrastructure failures begin at the network layer – not the application layer. Bandwidth saturation, uplink congestion, inference latency, and PoE budget shortfalls stop AI deployments before the algorithms ever run.

## Four Infrastructure Realities of AI Deployment

1

### AI Video Analytics Bandwidth

4K camera streams require 15–25 Mbps of consistent, prioritized throughput per camera. A 32-camera deployment can saturate a 1G uplink without proper QoS and uplink capacity planning.

2

### Inference Latency Thresholds

Branch AI inference requires LAN latency under 5ms and WAN under 50ms. Without SD-WAN traffic prioritization, general user traffic competes directly with AI pipelines.

3

### Edge Compute Placement

Local AI inference reduces cloud dependency and latency. Cisco Catalyst switching and Meraki wireless must be sized for edge GPU power draw and high-density PoE requirements.

4

### Telemetry & Visibility

AI pipeline bottlenecks are invisible without network telemetry. Meraki and Catalyst Center provide the traffic visibility needed to detect congestion, latency spikes, and uplink saturation in real time.

### Common AI Infrastructure Failure Points

- Uplink congestion from unsegmented AI and user traffic
- Switching capacity insufficient for AI pipeline throughput at peak load
- WAN latency exceeding inference thresholds without SD-WAN prioritization
- No telemetry – AI blind spots and bottlenecks go undetected
- PoE budget shortfalls blocking edge GPU and camera deployments
- Flat network architecture exposing AI systems to lateral movement

# How BTI Engineers AI-Ready Infrastructure

BTI treats AI infrastructure as an engineering problem – not a product sale. Every engagement begins with a readiness assessment covering bandwidth, latency baselines, segmentation, PoE budgets, and telemetry before any device is procured.

## Pre-Deployment Readiness Checklist

- Switching fabric supports AI pipeline throughput at peak load
- LAN latency under 5ms for real-time inference workloads
- AI workloads segmented from user and guest traffic
- Telemetry tools in place to surface bottlenecks and PoE oversubscription
- PoE budget sized for edge GPU and high-density camera deployments

## Common Failure Points

- Uplink congestion from unsegmented AI and user traffic
- Switching capacity insufficient at peak AI pipeline load
- WAN latency exceeding inference thresholds without SD-WAN
- No telemetry – bottlenecks and blind spots go undetected
- PoE shortfalls blocking edge GPU and camera deployments

## What BTI Delivers for AI Infrastructure



### Bandwidth & Uplink Capacity Planning

Switching fabric sizing, uplink analysis, and QoS policy design for AI video analytics and inference.



### Latency Baseline & SD-WAN Prioritization

LAN/WAN latency profiling with SD-WAN policies that protect AI pipelines from general user contention.



### Edge Compute & PoE Architecture

Edge GPU placement planning and PoE budget analysis for high-density AI deployments.



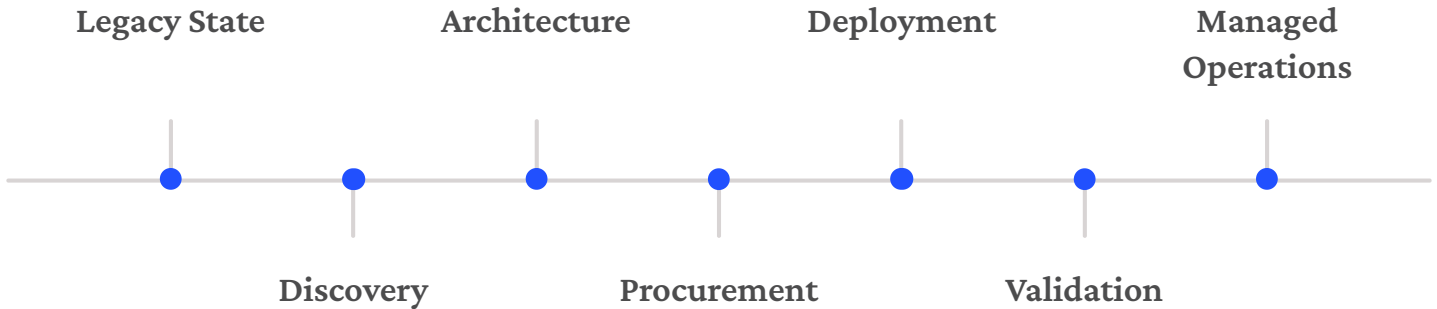
### Telemetry & Visibility Engineering

Meraki and Catalyst Center telemetry for real-time visibility into AI pipeline performance and congestion.

Request an AI Infrastructure Readiness Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# End-to-End. Every Phase. No Handoffs.

BTI executes every phase of the infrastructure lifecycle – from discovery through procurement, deployment, and managed operations – with no handoffs between teams.



## What Every Assessment Includes

<b>1</b> <b>Infrastructure Inventory</b> Switching, wireless, and WAN lifecycle status	<b>2</b> <b>Wireless Heat Mapping</b> Ekahau-based coverage and AP placement
<b>3</b> <b>Risk Prioritization</b> Findings ranked by operational and compliance impact	<b>4</b> <b>Compliance Gap Analysis</b> HIPAA, NIST, CIS, PCI-DSS as applicable

### Common Upgrade Mistakes

- Skipping assessment and going straight to procurement
- No wireless heat map or WAN topology review
- No cutover plan or rollback procedures
- Deploying without documentation

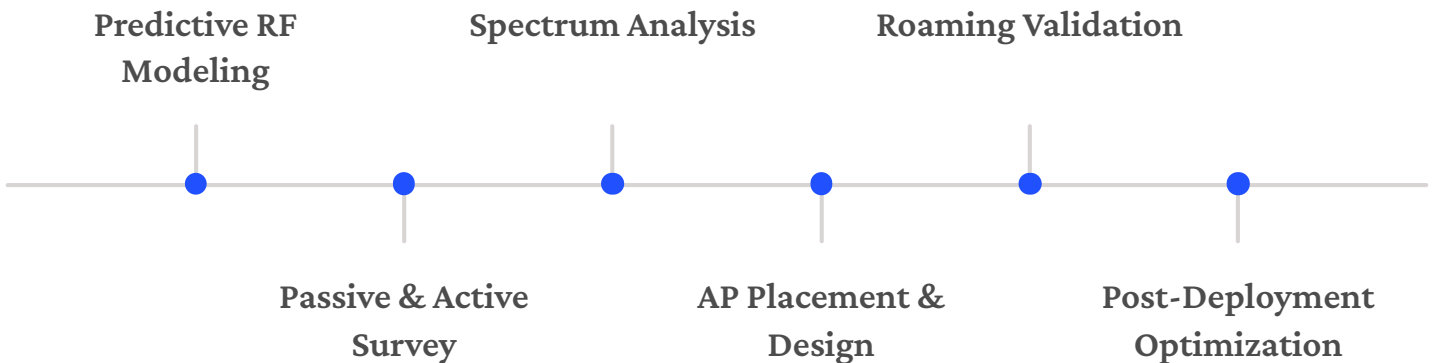
### BTI's Ideal Delivery Standards

- Cutover and rollback plan (where applicable)
- Post-deployment validation and optimization
- Documentation delivered at project close
- Single point of accountability from assessment to go-live and support

*Schedule a BTI Infrastructure Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)*

# Enterprise Wireless Engineering: Why RF Design Matters

Wireless performance problems are usually RF design problems – not hardware failures.



## RF Problems BTI Resolves

### Co-Channel Interference

Ekahau-modeled channel planning and transmit power optimization

### Sticky Client Behavior

BSS transition configuration and roaming threshold tuning

### AP Oversubscription

Ekahau capacity modeling during predictive design phase

## Wireless Lifecycle Management

### RF Validation & Benchmarking

Post-deployment active surveys confirm coverage, SNR, roaming, and throughput

### Spectrum & Interference Analysis

Identifies Bluetooth, DECT, microwave, and rogue device interference

### Firmware & Configuration Governance

Scheduled Meraki updates, channel plan reviews, and power adjustments

**i** BTI uses Ekahau Pro for predictive design, active/passive survey, and post-deployment validation on every engagement.

Request a Wireless Site Survey → [btigroup.com](http://btigroup.com)

# Regional Presence. On-Site Expertise.

BTI maintains operational presence across Southern California, the Inland Empire, Orange County, Phoenix, and Chicagoland – with local project managers, on-site assessment teams, and regional logistics capability.

## RF Surveys Require Physical Access

Wireless heat mapping cannot be done remotely – BTI can conduct Ekahau surveys at every facility.

## Cutover Execution Requires On-Site Teams

Network migrations and cutover validation usually require physical presence at every critical deployment phase.

## Compliance Documentation Requires Site Knowledge

Audit-ready documentation reflects the actual deployed environment – accuracy requires engineers on-site.

### Southern California & Orange County

Los Angeles · Long Beach · Irvine · Anaheim · Costa Mesa

### Inland Empire

Ontario · Rancho Cucamonga · Riverside · San Bernardino

### Phoenix & Chicagoland

Mesa · Scottsdale · Tempe · Naperville · Oak Brook · Schaumburg

## What Remote-Only Partners Miss

- RF interference only visible during a physical site walk
- Cabling and rack conditions affecting upgrade planning
- Operational workflow patterns informing AP placement
- Local compliance and installation constraints

Every infrastructure assessment should include a physical site visit – not a remote questionnaire.

Contact Your Regional BTI Team → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# Infrastructure Modernization in Action

These outcomes reflect BTI's operational delivery across regional, multi-site engagements.

## 14-Site Healthcare Network

Cisco Catalyst + Meraki wireless across 14 sites with centralized management and segmentation – HIPAA audit prep time cut by 60%.

## Distribution Center Wireless

Meraki Wi-Fi 6 redesign after heat map survey – 99.97% scanner uptime and 18% pick rate improvement.

## Manufacturing OT Segmentation

Cisco-based OT/IT segmentation with dedicated VLANs – satisfied cyber insurance requirements.

## 22-Branch SD-WAN Deployment

Cisco SD-WAN with centralized policy control – 34% WAN cost reduction and 99.99% availability.

**60%**

HIPAA Audit Prep Time Saved

**99.97%**

Scanner Uptime Achieved

**34%**

WAN Cost Reduction

**18%**

Warehouse Efficiency Gain

Assess first. Design for the actual environment. Execute with governance. Document everything.

Start Your Modernization Conversation → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)

# The Converged Infrastructure Advantage

Most vendors install infrastructure. BTI engineers accountable operational environments – converging IT, cybersecurity, physical security, and VoIP under one partner, one architecture, and one lifecycle.



## Converged IT + Security + Physical Security + VoIP

One partner across network, cybersecurity, IP surveillance, access control, and unified communications.



## PMO-Governed Execution

Milestone-based delivery, QA/QC checkpoints, and as-built documentation on every engagement.



## ISO 27001 Operational Maturity

BTI's security management practices align to ISO 27001 – compliance is built in, not bolted on.



## Lifecycle Accountability

Assess → Design → Procure → Deploy → Validate → Manage. No handoffs. No gaps.

### BTI

- Converged IT + Cybersecurity + Physical Security + VoIP
- PMO-governed delivery with milestone documentation
- ISO 27001-aligned operational maturity
- ISNetworld certified – TIPS/TASB & GSA procurement
- Lifecycle ownership from assessment to managed operations

### Generic VARs & MSPs

- Single-discipline focus – no converged delivery
- Reactive break-fix or ticket-based model
- No PMO governance or milestone accountability
- No cooperative purchasing vehicles
- Handoffs between vendors at every phase

Explore the Converged Infrastructure Model → [btigroup.com](http://btigroup.com)

# Infrastructure-Led Managed IT

Traditional managed IT focuses on resolving tickets after problems occur. BTI's infrastructure-led model prevents incidents by governing the underlying systems that cause them – with proactive governance, integrated cybersecurity, and compliance documentation built in by default.

## What Infrastructure-Led Managed IT Means in Practice

<b>Integrated Cybersecurity by Default</b> Cybersecurity monitoring, endpoint protection, and identity management integrated into infrastructure – not added after an incident.	<b>Compliance-Ready Documentation</b> Audit-ready documentation and third-party audit support are standard practice – not reactive deliverables.	<b>Infrastructure Risk Remediation</b> BTI remediates infrastructure risk before onboarding – not after the first outage. Risk metrics replace ticket metrics.	<b>Unified Governance Across All Systems</b> Cloud, on-premises, IoT, VoIP, and physical security governed as one system – eliminating fragmented vendor gaps.
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### Proactive, Not Reactive

BTI governs infrastructure before incidents occur – not after tickets are opened. Risk metrics replace ticket volume as the measure of success.

### Assessment Before Onboarding

Every engagement begins with an infrastructure risk assessment – identifying gaps in switching, wireless, segmentation, and compliance posture before work begins.

### Single Accountable Partner

One partner governs IT, cybersecurity, physical security, and VoIP – eliminating the finger-pointing and coverage gaps of fragmented vendor relationships.

# Infrastructure-Led vs. Traditional Managed IT

Understanding the distinction between traditional managed service providers and infrastructure-led models is critical for enterprise IT decision-makers. The differences extend beyond service scope – they reflect fundamentally different approaches to risk, liability, and operational accountability.

## Capability Comparison

Capability	Traditional MSP	BTI Infrastructure-Led
Helpdesk Support	Primary focus	Included service
Infrastructure Remediation	Reactive or limited	Core responsibility
Cybersecurity Integration	Add-on service	Integrated by default
Compliance Governance	Minimal or absent	Built-in framework
Audit Documentation	Rarely maintained	Standard practice
Third-Party Testing Support	Not supported	Actively supported
Liability Alignment	Not addressed	Explicitly addressed

## The Cost of Reactive IT Management

### Compliance Exposure

Organizations without documented infrastructure controls face regulatory penalties, failed audits, and cyber insurance denials – all preventable with proactive governance.

### Unresolved Infrastructure Debt

Reactive MSPs address symptoms, not root causes. Aging switching, undocumented segmentation, and firmware gaps accumulate until they become outages.

### Fragmented Vendor Accountability

When IT, security, and voice are managed by separate vendors, no single party owns the outcome – and gaps between them become the client's problem.

### Liability Without Documentation

Without audit-ready documentation, organizations have no evidence of reasonable controls – increasing legal and regulatory exposure after an incident.

# Who Infrastructure-Led Managed IT Is For

Infrastructure-led managed IT is not the right model for every organization — it is the right model for organizations where IT failure creates regulatory exposure, operational disruption, or legal liability.

## Organizational Fit

### Best Suited For

- Multi-location or distributed operations
- Regulated consumer or employee data environments
- Cyber-insurance compliance requirements
- Converged IT, security, and voice environments
- Organizations where IT failure creates regulatory exposure

### Risk of Staying with a Small MSP

- Compliance gaps from reactive-only infrastructure management
- Cyber insurance denials from undocumented controls
- Regulatory penalties from unmanaged risk exposure
- Operational outages from unresolved infrastructure debt
- Legal liability from absence of governance documentation

## What BTI Assesses Before Every Engagement





- **Switching lifecycle status and segmentation architecture**
- **Wireless coverage, capacity, and roaming performance**
- **WAN resilience, latency baselines, and SD-WAN readiness**
- **Compliance posture against HIPAA, NIST, CIS, or PCI-DSS as applicable**
- **Cybersecurity controls, endpoint protection, and identity management gaps**

*Request an Infrastructure-Led Managed IT Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)*

# Converged Infrastructure, Security & Governance

Infrastructure-led managed IT governs IT, cybersecurity, voice, and physical security as one converged system – eliminating the compliance gaps and operational exposures created by fragmented vendors.

## The Four Converged Systems BTI Governs

 <h3>IT Infrastructure</h3> <p>Cloud, on-premises servers, virtualization, storage, backup, and disaster recovery – governed proactively.</p>	 <h3>Cybersecurity</h3> <p>Threat monitoring, identity management, endpoint protection, and incident response – integrated by default.</p>	 <h3>Voice &amp; Communications</h3> <p>VoIP, unified communications, contact centers, and collaboration – managed as infrastructure, not separately.</p>	 <h3>Physical Security</h3> <p>IoT devices, access control, IP surveillance, and environmental monitoring – governed within the same framework.</p>
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**35+**

**Years of Proven Expertise**

### Procurement Vehicles

GSA approved · CMAS contract holder · TIPS/TASB cooperative purchasing · TESMA – Los Angeles County · No separate RFP required.

**15+**

**Industries Served**

### Operational Credentials

ISNetworld certified contractor · ISO 27001-aligned practices · Cyber insurance compliance documentation · Third-party audit support standard.

**10,000+**

**Alerts Handled, Zero Missed**

*Request an Infrastructure-Led Managed IT Assessment → [btigroup.com](http://btigroup.com)*

# Five Principles for 2026 Infrastructure Decisions



## Infrastructure Is Now a Cybersecurity Decision

Every switching, wireless, and WAN decision is simultaneously a security decision – flat networks are cybersecurity liabilities.



## AI Readiness Begins at the Network Layer

AI workloads fail when the network isn't built to support them – low-latency switching and segmented wireless are prerequisites.



## Segmentation Is No Longer Optional

Required for cyber insurance eligibility, regulatory compliance, and ransomware containment.



## Operational Continuity Requires Lifecycle Management

Firmware governance, license renewal, and capacity planning separate resilient organizations from reactive ones.



## Converged Accountability Reduces Risk

A single accountable partner with PMO discipline reduces operational risk and makes compliance manageable.

*Request a BTI Infrastructure Assessment → [btigroup.com](https://btigroup.com)*

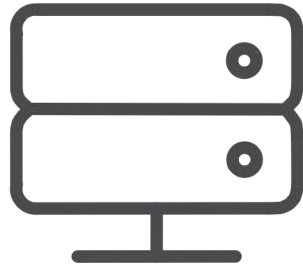
# BTI Infrastructure Modernization Capabilities

BTI Communications Group delivers full lifecycle infrastructure modernization across Cisco networking, Cisco Meraki wireless, SD-WAN, cybersecurity, compliance, physical security, VoIP, and managed IT. Use this directory to explore the BTI service areas most relevant to your infrastructure modernization roadmap.



**Cisco & Meraki Infrastructure**

- [Cisco Partner](#)
- [Cisco Meraki Partner](#)
- [Commercial Wi-Fi Installer](#)
- [Network Design](#)
- [Network Installation](#)



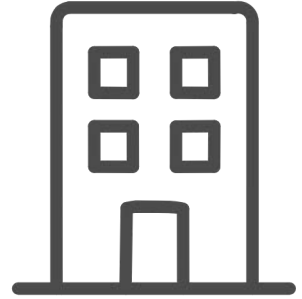
## Infrastructure & Managed IT

- [Infrastructure Consulting](#)
- [Infrastructure-Led Managed IT](#)
- [Managed IT Services](#)



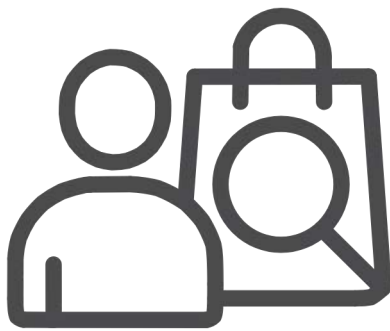
## Cybersecurity, Compliance & Risk

- [Cybersecurity Services](#)
- [Network Security](#)
- [Governance, Risk & Compliance](#)



## Converged Security & Communications

- [Converged Security](#)
- [Physical Security Integration](#)
- [VoIP Installation](#)



## Public Sector & Procurement

- [GSA Procurement Information](#)
- [Contact BTI](#)

*GSA approved contractor · CMAS contract holder · TIPS/TASB cooperative purchasing · ISNetworld certified*

## One Partner. One Operational Model.

Cisco, Meraki, cybersecurity, physical security, VoIP, and managed IT – designed, deployed, secured, and supported by BTI.

800-HELP-BTI · [info@btigroup.com](mailto:info@btigroup.com) · [btigroup.com](http://btigroup.com)

# The Infrastructure Decision Is Already Overdue

Organizations that deferred switching refresh, wireless upgrades, and segmentation work in 2024–2025 are now one failure away from a compliance event, a ransomware exposure, or an AI deployment that cannot launch. Infrastructure modernization deferred too long eventually becomes operational recovery.

## Cisco End-of-Support Exposure

Switching past end-of-support receives no security patches – every unpatched CVE is an open liability for cyber insurance and regulatory audits.

## Wireless Performance Debt

Persistent wireless complaints that survive multiple AP replacements are RF design failures – not hardware failures. They will not resolve without a proper survey and redesign.

## Cyber Insurance Renewal Pressure

Insurers now require documented segmentation, endpoint controls, and access governance – organizations without them face coverage denial or premium increases.

## AI Readiness Blocked at the Network Layer

AI and automation initiatives stall when the underlying network cannot support inference latency, bandwidth requirements, or edge compute PoE demands.

## Fragmented Vendor Accountability

Multi-site operations managed by separate IT, security, and voice vendors have no single party accountable for operational continuity – gaps between vendors become the organization's problem.

## Undocumented Infrastructure

Network diagrams last updated more than 18 months ago are not documentation – they are a liability in any audit, incident response, or insurance claim.

## Infrastructure Assessment

Switching, wireless, WAN, segmentation, and compliance review – with a phased modernization roadmap.

## Wireless Site Survey

On-site Ekahau heat mapping and coverage analysis by BTI engineers.

## SD-WAN & Security Review

WAN architecture assessment for cost reduction, resilience, and Zero Trust readiness.

✔ **The window to act before a compliance event, coverage denial, or operational failure is narrowing. Act now and contact BTI today.**

Contact BTI Communications Group – 800-HELP-BTI · info@btigroup.com · btigroup.com